

Application No.: 09/974,581

Docket No.: JCLA7934

In The Claims:

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (currently amended) An iterative method for blind deconvolution using an equalizer in a communications receiver for estimating one of users' symbol sequences ($u_j[n]$, $j = 1, 2, \dots, K$), the method at each iteration comprising the steps of:

updating the equalizer coefficients v_I at the I th iteration using the following equation:

$$v_I = \frac{\alpha \cdot \tilde{R}^{-1} \tilde{d}_{I-1}}{\sqrt{\tilde{d}_{I-1}^H \tilde{R}^{-1} \tilde{d}_{I-1}}};$$

determining the associated equalizer output $e_I[n]$; and

comparing inverse filter criteria $J_{p,q}(v_I)$ with $J_{p,q}(v_{I-1})$ and if $J_{p,q}(v_I) > J_{p,q}(v_{I-1})$, going to the next iteration, otherwise updating v_I through a gradient type optimization algorithm so that $J_{p,q}(v_I) > J_{p,q}(v_{I-1})$ and then obtaining the associated $e_I[n]$;

wherein \tilde{R} is a expected value, \tilde{d} is a cumulation, α is a scale factor, and p, q are nonnegative integers.

Claim 2 (currently amended) The method of claim 1, ~~which further comprises~~ comprising a step of using a threshold decision to detect a user's symbol sequence associated with the obtained symbol sequence estimate $[\hat{u}_l[n] = e_I[n]$ (where l is unknown, and $e_I[n]$ is an equalizer output)] in case of converge as the method converges.

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Claim 3 (currently amended) The method of claim 1, which further utilizes a multistage successive cancellation (MSC) procedure, at each stage comprising the steps of:

obtaining a symbol sequence estimate $\hat{u}_l[n] = e_l[n]$ (where l is unknown);

determining the associated channel estimate of the obtained symbol sequence $\hat{u}_l[n]$ by

$$\hat{h}_l[k] = \frac{E[x[n+k]\hat{u}_l^*[n]]}{E[|\hat{u}_l[n]|^2]}$$

wherein $\hat{h}_l[k]$ is the channel estimate; and;

estimate $\hat{u}_l[n]$ (where l is unknown) using the following equation:

$$\hat{h}_l[k] = \frac{E[x[n+k]\hat{u}_l^*[n]]}{E[|\hat{u}_l[n]|^2]}; \text{ and}$$

updating $x[n]$ by $x[n] - \hat{h}_l[n] * \hat{u}_l[n]$, wherein $x[n]$ is non-Gaussian vector output measurements.

Claim 4 (currently amended) The method of claim 3, which further comprises a step of using a threshold decision to detect a user's symbol sequence associated with $\hat{u}_l[n]$ at each stage of the MSC procedure.

Claim 5 (currently amended) A method for iterative blind deconvolution using an equalizer in a communications receiver of a multi-input multi-output (MIMO) system, for estimating one of users' symbol sequences ($u_j[n]$, $j = 1, 2, \dots, K$), the method comprising the steps of:

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updating ~~the~~ equalizer coefficients;

determining if ~~the value of the~~ an Inverse Filter Criteria (IFC) value in ~~a~~ the current iteration is larger than that obtained in ~~the immediately~~ a previous iteration and if so proceeding to the next iteration, otherwise updating the equalizer coefficients ~~such that the value of~~ to increase the IFC value ~~increases~~; and

determining ~~the optimum~~ an equalizer, and an estimate of ~~output of the~~ driving inputs to the MIMO system; and

detecting an estimation of the user's symbol sequence by a detection threshold.

Claim 6 (currently amended) The method of claim 5, wherein ~~the values of~~ the equalizer coefficients are obtained utilizing the following formula:

$$v_l = \frac{\alpha \cdot \tilde{R}^{-1} \tilde{d}_{l-1}}{\sqrt{\tilde{d}_{l-1}^H \tilde{R}^{-1} \tilde{d}_{l-1}}}$$

wherein \tilde{R} is a expected value, \tilde{d} is a cumulation, α is a scale factor, and v_l is the equalizer coefficient.

Claim 7 (currently amended) The method of claim 5, ~~which further comprises a~~ wherein the threshold decision is used to detect ~~[[a]]~~ the user's symbol sequence associated with the obtained symbol sequence estimate $[\hat{u}_l[n] = e_l[n]]$ (where l is unknown, and $e_l[n]$ is an equalizer output at the l th iteration) in case of converge as the method converges.

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Claim 8 (currently amended) The method of claim 5, which further utilizes a multistage successive cancellation (MSC) procedure, at each stage comprising the steps of:

obtaining a symbol sequence estimate $\hat{u}_l[n] = e_l[n]$ (where l is unknown), wherein $e_l[n]$ is an equalizer output at the l th iteration;

determining ~~the~~ an associated channel estimate of the obtained symbol sequence by

$$\hat{h}_l[k] = \frac{E[x[n+k]\hat{u}_l^*[n]]}{E[|\hat{u}_l[n]|^2]}$$

wherein $\hat{h}_l[k]$ is the channel estimate; and;

~~estimate $\hat{u}_l[n]$ (where l is unknown) using the following equation~~

$$\hat{h}_l[k] = \frac{E[x[n+k]\hat{u}_l^*[n]]}{E[|\hat{u}_l[n]|^2]}; \text{ and}$$

updating $x[n]$ by $x[n] - \hat{h}_l[n] * \hat{u}_l[n]$, wherein $x[n]$ is non-Gaussian vector output measurements.

Claim 9 (currently amended) The method of claim ~~[[5]]~~ 8, ~~which further comprises a~~ wherein the threshold decision is used to detect ~~[[a]]~~ the user's symbol sequence associated with $\hat{u}_l[n]$ at each stage of the MCS procedure.